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Underwriting Guidelines

Non-U.S. Citizens

Eligibility Requirements for Non-U.S. Citizen Borrowers

Non-U.S. citizens who are lawful permanent or non-permanent residents of the United States are eligible for financing under the same terms that are available to U.S. citizens. Non-U.S. citizen without lawful residency status in the United States are not eligible.

Note: For USDA and certain specialty programs, follow the program-specific guidelines for eligible Non U.S. citizen borrowers.

Borrower Residency Status

Borrower designation may include:

- Permanent Resident
- Temporary Resident or Non-Immigrant
- Foreign National

Identification Requirements

Non-U.S. citizens must provide non-expired, official identification to confirm and document the applicant's immigration status. Documentation must include:

- Identification type and number
- Place of issuance
- Issue and expiration dates

Due to the changing nature of temporary protected status designation for certain countries visa eligibility may be questioned. As long as the VISA or EAD remains active within one (1) year of the application date, we may proceed - unless it is identified on the [USCIS website](#) as ineligible.

Definitions and Documentation Requirements

Refer to the table below for specific definitions and documentation requirements for non-U.S. citizen designations:

Designation	Also Referred to as	Definition	Documentation Requirements
Permanent Resident	Lawful Permanent Resident OR Green Card Holder	A foreign national that has been officially granted immigration benefits, which includes permission to permanently reside and take employment in the U.S.	Permanent Resident Card with photo (USCIS Form I-551, Category R); also known as a green card (Green cards states "Do Not Duplicate" for the purpose of

		Non-U.S. Citizens	
		<p>The borrower:</p> <p>Must maintain permanent resident status</p> <p style="text-align: center;">AND</p> <p>Can be removed from the U.S. if certain conditions of this status are not met.</p> <p>Evidence of lawful permanent residency is an issued Permanent Resident Card (Green Card) by USCIS</p>	<p>replacing the original card. U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS) allow photocopying of the green card.)</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <p>Passport with photo (front and reverse) and I-551 stamp and date</p> <p><i>Note: If the Green Card is pending extension or renewal, a documentation alternative is to provide a Permanent Resident Case Status check performed using the individual's USCIS receipt number. The result may be used to evidence Permanent Resident status if the corresponding documentation of the green card application receipt number is provided that links the borrower to the case status. Most are valid for 10 years and are eligible for renewal within 6 months of expiration</i></p>
Temporary Resident or Non-immigrant	Non-Permanent Resident OR Lawful Non-Permanent Resident	<p>A foreign national who has been officially granted immigration benefits, which includes permission to temporarily reside and take employment in the U.S.</p> <p>The visa holder must maintain the temporary U.S. resident status and can be removed from the U.S. if certain conditions of this status are not met (not including visa expiration).</p> <p>Evidence of preliminary permission of a lawful non-immigrant is validated by issuance of a visa by a consulate outside of the U.S.</p> <p>USCIS must approve the final petition.</p> <p>Department of Homeland Security issues an Arrival/Departure Record (I-94) evidencing the individual's duration of stay</p>	<p>Conventional loans:</p> <p>Passport with photo</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <p>Visa (if expired, requires a non-expired Arrival/Departure Record (I-94) or Notice of Action approval (I-797) with an I-94 Arrival/Departure Record embedded on the Notice of Action)</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <p>USCIS Employment Authorization Document (EAD) (I-766), when applicable or when qualifying a non-passive income source.</p> <p>FHA only:</p> <p>Copy of the Employment Authorization Document (EAD) Card is required</p>
Foreign National	Non-US Citizens with a valid passport AND valid visa	A Foreign National is defined as someone who lives in another country and visits the United States for brief periods for business or vacation.	Foreign Nationals are not eligible for financing. Exceptions apply to existing correspondence agreements for delivery of loans with Foreign Nationals.

Employment Authorization Document

A current (non-expired) Employment Authorization Document (EAD) issued by the USCIS may be provided in lieu of a Visa. The EAD card category must support lawful residence status. EAD cards issued based on "deferred action" does not grant lawful status; only lawful permanent or non-permanent residents of the United States are eligible.

Refer to the [EAD Matrix](#) for specific requirements.

If the EAD or visa expires within one year, the following must be provided:

- Evidence of previous EAD/visa renewal(s) must be documented, or
- If there are no prior EAD/visa renewals, the likelihood of renewal must be determined based on the information from the USCIS and EAD/Visa type.

Note: At the time of closing, all documentation must be official and valid – no exceptions.

Review by loanDepot

For work visa types that require review and approval, follow your channel escalation path and include the following information:

- Loan number and Borrower name in the email subject line
- Images of all relevant documentation, such as:
 - Passport
 - Visa
 - I-94; Arrival/Departure Record
 - Any other supporting documentation

Ineligible Designations

The following non-U.S. citizens are **not** eligible borrowers:

Other Non-Immigrant (Non-Resident Alien)	A legal status used for a foreign national who temporarily resides and may work in the U.S. legally for a specific purpose and time with proper identification documentation (passport and visa). This includes (but is not limited to) visa types B-1, B-2, B-1/B-2, BCC, C-1, C-2, C-3, C-4, C-1/D, D-1, D-2, F-1, F-2, F-3, H-2, H-2A, H-2B, H-3, H-4, J-1, J-2, K-2, K-4, M-1, M-2, M-3, P-4, Q-1, Q-2, R-2, S-7, TD, U-3, V-2, WB and WT
Undocumented Foreign National (Unlawful Non-Resident Alien)	A status used for a foreign national individual who resides and/or works in the U.S. illegally and lacks proper identification documentation.
Deferred Action Status (DACA)	Status given to foreign nationals under the Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA). DACA designation can be determined by a category notation of C-33 on the EAD.
Defector	An individual that pursues allegiance to the U.S. after renouncing his or her allegiance to a foreign country.
Withholding of Removal or Withholding of Deportation	A lawful designation where reasonable fear of persecution or torture exists in the individual's home country. Withholding of Removal/Deportation designation can be determined by the visa holder's I-94 or written grant and a category notation of A-10 or A-11 on the EAD.

Diplomatic Immunity	<p>Lawful designation that permits a diplomat free passage throughout the U.S. The holder's visa will reflect Diplomatic Immunity status. Due to the inability to compel payment or seek judgment, transactions with individuals who are not subject to U.S. jurisdiction are not eligible.</p> <p>Verification the borrower does not have diplomatic immunity can be determined by reviewing the visa, passport or the U.S. Department of State's Diplomatic List.</p>
Temporary Protection Status (TPS) (Allowed with approved exception)	<p>Nationals of certain countries who are temporarily in the U.S., and who are unable to safely return to their home country due to dangerous conditions, either environmental or political. TPS designation can be determined by the visa holder's I-94 and a category notation of A12 on the EAD.</p>
Politically Exposed Person (PEP)	<p>Current or former official in a non-U.S. government body, including those in the executive, legislative, administrative, military and judicial branches (whether elected or not), with substantial authority over policy, operations, or the use of government-owned resources.</p>

Co-Borrower or Spouse Considerations

The following requirements apply to legal non-U.S. citizens who apply with or are married to individuals with different legal statuses:

- If status differs between applicants (for example, a U.S. citizen and a Non-Permanent Resident), follow the more restrictive U.S. citizen product or program requirements, if applicable.
- Marriage to a U.S. citizen does not eliminate requirements to verify the non-U.S. citizen legally resides in the U.S.

Individual Taxpayer Identification Number (ITIN)

loanDepot does not originate loans for borrowers with an Individual Taxpayer Identification Number (ITIN)

Expired Visa Requirements

Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac and LD Jumbo Advantage

A borrower with an expired visa may be considered, subject to each of the following:

- Visa classification is eligible
- Evidence that the borrower has submitted an application for extension of the visa or green card. Documentation includes, but is not limited to:
 - USCIS Form I-797 (issued when an application or petition is approved).
 - USCIS Form I-797C or I-797E (must not state that the application has been declined).
 - Application for extension of current visa (USCIS Form I-539 or equivalent) or copy of application for green card (USCIS Form I-485 or equivalent) and electronic verification of receipt from the USCIS web site.
 - If the borrower is sponsored by the employer, the employer may evidence that they are sponsoring the visa renewal.

The [Visa Category Job Aid](#) includes loanDepot eligibility and employment authorization documentation requirements for visa designations allowed entry into the U.S.

A loanDepot review is required if the Visa holder has diplomatic immunity and wishes to waive immunity.

